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Poland Product Brief Distilled Spirits 2004

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Report Highlights:

Alcoholic beverage consumption in Poland has been steadily rising. Poland is the world's fourth largest consumer of vodka. The market for distilled spirits was highly protected by tariffs; however, Poland's May 1, 2004 accession to the European Union, tariffs have dramatically dropped. The United States has a large share in the whiskey and gin markets which continue to expand.

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I. Introduction

Distilled spirits represent a small percentage of the alcohol consumed in Poland, due to the recent increases in wine and beer consumption. Vodka dominates the distilled spirits market, accounting for 9% of total alcoholic beverage consumption. Whiskey has been growing in popularity in Poland among the younger crowd and imports from the United States for whiskey have been growing rapidly. Poland became a member of the European Union on May 1, 2004, which has reduced the tariff rates on alcoholic beverage imports significantly increasing market access, which was once very small.

Advantages	Challenges
The tariff rates imposed on all alcoholic	Poland produces a large quantity of distilled
beverages have decreased dramatically due	spirits domestically which are of a high
to Poland's May 1, 2004, accession to the EU.	quality.
Poland is the fourth largest consumer of	Consumers are purchasing more beer and
Vodka.	wine than ever before.
Whiskey has been traditionally a drink of	Low salaries make the Polish alcohol market
choice among Poles. Recently the younger	very price sensitive.
sector has acquired the taste for Bourbon,	
due to its being seen as a trendy drink.	

II. Market Sector Opportunities and Threats

Retail & HRI Market Sector

1) Entry Strategy

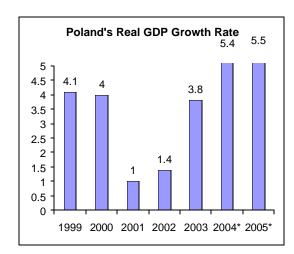
Contacting the right importer will help a business enter the Polish distilled spirits market. Most supermarkets, hypermarkets, specialty shops, hotels, restaurants, and catering companies buy the majority of their distilled spirits through wholesalers, set up through larger importers or work independently, have their own distribution channels, and marketing contacts. Exporters of U.S. distilled spirits may obtain a list of current importers by contacting the Office of Agricultural Affairs of the U.S. Embassy in Warsaw (see Section V).

2) Market Size, Structure, Trends

The distilled spirits market is very competitive. A wide range of spirits can be purchased on the market from all over the world ranging widely in price.

Alcoholic beverage consumption in Poland is dependent on the amount of disposable income available. In years when economic growth is experienced there appears to be an increase in alcoholic beverage consumption. When growth slows, consumptions tend to slump as indicated in the following charts.





Source: Central European Distribution Corporation Source: Citibank (An estimated 20% of Spirit Consumption unmeasured)

Most large importers distribute products through their own wholesale operations located throughout Poland. Besides utilizing their own distribution channels, importers also sell their products to independent wholesale firms, which in turn distribute distilled spirits to hypermarkets, specialty shops as well as small retail stores located in larger cities.

Table 1: Poland's Distilled Spirits Imports

Bourbon, 22083011					
	2002 2003				
Country	LPA	\$1,000	LPA	\$1,000	
United States	13,483	13,483 186		261	
Netherlands	172	3	0	0	
World Total	13,656	189	19,970	261	

Malt Scotch Whiskey, 22083032				
	2002 2003			
Country	LPA	\$1,000	LPA	\$1,000
United Kingdom	4,041	105	7,684	232
Netherlands	1,116	26	865	19
France	304	3	634	12
World Total	5,469	135	9,183	263

Blended Scotch Whiskey, 22083052 and 22083058				
	200	2	200)3
Country	LPA	\$1,000	LPA	\$1,000
United Kingdom	3,271,064	3,271	687,146	6,092
Ireland	12,282	12	3,803	30
France	9,188	9	2,440	14
Bulgaria	0	0	77	2
Netherlands	537	1	10,373	27
World Total	3,294,683	3,295	703,915	6,165

Rum and Tafia, 220840					
	2002 2003				
Country	LPA	\$1,000	LPA	\$1,000	
Bahamas	20,006	154	32,181	281	
Jamaica	10,745	56	5,086	37	
Netherlands	164	0.5	22,661	35	
World Total	34,017	228	68,420	420	

Gin and Gin Geneva, 220850				
	200	2	200)3
Country	LPA	\$1,000	LPA	\$1,000
United Kingdom	24407	185	27939	195
United States	39659	180	192649	153
France	1373	8	1248	5
World Total	66481	372	222583	358

Liquors and Cordials, 220870					
	200	2	2003		
Country	LPA	\$1,000	LPA	\$1,000	
Ireland	11376	311	16208	611	
Italy	26011	421	24430	474	
Netherlands	21733	21733 254		394	
Germany	10373	100	14798	162	
France	9517	101	5622	79	
United Kingdom	1134 20		1320	26	
United States	3393 28		2825	24	
World Total	85891	1262	96707	1813	

Vodka, 220860				
	200	2	200)3
Country	LPA	\$1,000	LPA	\$1,000
Finland	310694	887	549127	1860
Sweden	257739	1050	141307	562
France	0	0	14057	55
United Kingdom	5483	44	5393	51
Denmark	3071	26	2865	28
United States	844	2	1868	7
World Total	579394	2017	715995	2568

Source: World Trade Atlas

The whiskey and bourbon market is primarily comprised of products from Scotland and the United States. Scottish whiskey comprises a slightly larger portion of the market share due to lower duties in the past as a well as a long tradition of consumption of Scottish whiskey in Poland; however, the increased availability of US brands is indicative of the potential for growth in this market.

In the gin market the US faces fierce competition from the United Kingdom. Gin from the US is bought more frequently due to the lower price for an equivalent or higher quality product, however; gin from the UK is readily available and sold at a higher price.

Table II. Polish Per Capita Alcoholic Beverage Consumption

Product	Unit of	1980	1990	1999	2000	2001	2002
	Measure						
Vodkas, liquors and other alcoholic beverages	Liters of 100% pure alcohol	6.0	3.8**	2.1	2.0	1.7	1.7
Wines and drinking honey	Liters	10.1	7.4	13.6	11.9	10.5	11.2
Beer made on the base of malt***	Liters	30.4	30.4	60.1	66.2	65.8	70.7

Source: Polish Statistical Office

Polish distilled spirits consumption declined from 1993 when an excise tax on alcoholic beverages was introduced. Demand moved from traditionally consumed distilled spirits to other alcohols, mainly beer. According to industry experts, consumption of hard liquors (high alcohol content) and wine in 2003 increased by as much as 30-40% per capita. This is a result of increased purchases of alcohol from legal sources (traceable data) as well as steadily increasing demand for wine.

Whiskey is becoming a popular drink, especially among young people in Poland. The most popular brands include: Johnnie Walker (Red and Black Label) and Ballentines. American brands most often purchased: Jack Daniel's Whiskey (0.4% of sales in Poland), Jim Beam (0.1% of sales in Poland) and Medley's (0.1% of sales in Poland)

III. Costs and Prices

On January 23, 2004 the Polish President signed a new law on excise tax. The general regulations became effective on March 1, 2004. For details please see section IV.

Distilled spirits are primarily purchased at hypermarkets or specialty shops for consumption at home. A small portion of distilled spirits are purchased at hotels, clubs, and restaurants; this number is expected to rise as the tourism industry grows.

^{*} Please note that some industry experts are of the opinion that the official statistics in many cases are different from industry data by as much as 5%.

^{**} Data are available for local production only.

^{***}Since 2000 only product containing above 0.5% of alcohol are listed in this category.

Table III. Warsaw Retail Prices (July 2004)

Warsaw Ketali Frices	% Strength	Volume	Price	Country of Origin
Vodka	40%			
Cranberry Vodka	40%			
Lime Vodka	40%	ļ		
Vodka	40%		65.00	
Vodka	40%		52.00	
Vodka	40%		25.99	
Vodka	40%	ļ	39.00	
Chopin Vodka	40%		42.99	
Bols	40%		45.00	
Plum Vodka	70%		55.99	
Bols	40%		65.00	
Premium Vodka	40%		39.00	
Chopin Vodka	40%		55.99	
Absolut Vodka	40%		59.90	
Blue Vodka	40%		65.00	
Citrus Vodka	40%		69.00	
Black Currant Vodka	40%		69.00	
Absolut Vodka	40%	ļ	72.99	
Red Vodka	40%	ļ	45.00	
Black Vodka	40%			
DIACK VOUKA	40 /	700 IIIL	140.00	USA
Tennessee Whiskey		750 mL	159.00	USA
Single Malt Whiskey		750 mL	279.00	Scotland
Single Malt Whiskey		750 mL	259.00	Scotland
Red Scotch Whiskey		700 mL	89.00	Scotland
Scotch Whiskey		700 mL	99.00	Scotland
Black Scotch Whiskey		700 mL	142.00	Scotland
Blue Scotch Whiskey		750 mL	1375.00	Scotland
Gold Scotch Whiskey		700 mL	495.00	Scotland
Dimple Scotch Whiskey		750 mL	265.00	Scotland
Single Malt Whiskey		750 mL	289.00	Scotland
Scotch Whiskey		3000 mL	435.00	Scotland
Canadian Club Whisky		750 mL	125.00	Canada
Wild Turkey Bourbon		700 mL	169.00	USA
Kentucky Bourbon		700 mL	74.50	USA
Bourbon		700 mL	625.00	USA
Black Bourbon		700 mL	185.00	USA
Straight Bourbon		700 mL	139.00	USA
Bourbon		750 mL	139.00	USA
Bourbon		700 mL	415.00	USA
Black Jack		700 mL	67.99	USA
Jim Beam		700 mL	131.99	USA
Bourbon		700 mL	169.00	USA

Gin	37.5%	700 mL	51.99	USA
Gin	38%	700 mL	32.99	USA
Lime Gin	38%	350 mL	16.99	USA
Lime Gin	38%	700 mL	32.99	USA
London Gin	40%	700 mL	47.80	England
Dry Gin	40%	700 mL	95.00	England
Carolan's Irish Cream	17%	500 mL	33.99	USA
Scottish Irish Cream	17%	700 mL	85.99	Scotland
Bailey's Irish Cream	17%	700 mL	90.00	Ireland
Bol's Blue Liquor		700 mL	85.00	Poland
Amaretto		500 mL	19.99	Poland
Blue Curacao		500 mL	28.99	Poland
Crème de Menthe		500 mL	26.99	Poland
Sheridan's Liqueur	18.5%	500 mL	77.00	United Kingdom
White Rum		700 mL	86.90	Cuba
White Rum		700 mL	94.90	Cuba
White Rum		700 mL	67.00	USA
White Rum		500 mL	40.00	USA
Black Rum		700 mL	69.00	USA
8 Year Old Rum		700 mL	119.00	USA
Captain Morgan		700 mL	78.00	USA
Black Rum		700 mL	125.00	Cuba
8 Year Old Rum		700 mL	153.00	Cuba
Brandy	36%	700 mL	32.99	Poland
Brandy	36%	700 mL	74.99	Poland
Kahlua		750 mL	70.00	USA
Kahlua		750 mL	88.00	South Africa

Source: FAS Warsaw Field Research

IV. Market Access

The excise tax is calculated based on pure alcohol level content at a temperature of 20 C in the final product.

The Minister of Finance's new working regulations on excise taxes on several products as of April 22, 2004, effective May 1, 2004 assesses the following tax:

HS 2204, 2205, 2206 - Wine and fermented drinks - PLN 136 (USD 37) per hectoliter HS 2207.10.00 - Ethyl alcohol for consumption purposes - PLN 4,400 (USD 1,202) HS 2208 - Vodka, liqueurs, other alcoholic beverages, 2103.90.30; 2106.90.20 alcohol preparations for drink production, based on ethyl alcohol - PLN 4,400 (USD 1,202) Other alcoholic beverages with no HS code indication, with an alcohol content above 1.2% vol. - PLN 4,400 (USD 1,202).

The July 27, 2004 exchange rate is USD 1 = PLN 3.66.

Duty-free/custom bound warehouses can now be operated in Poland by facilities with a history (previous year) of revenue of PLN 700 million (USD \$ 180 million). New duty free facilities may be established by obtaining required permits and providing estimates of planned revenue. The revenue of new facilities must be reported to customs authorities after 3 months of operation. If it does not meet the initially forecast level, the permits issued to such facilities are invalidated.

Importers of alcoholic beverages must purchase ("partial advance payment") excise tax stickers from Polish authorities. Imported products must have "excise tax" stickers put on before entering Poland (as was in the past). Excise tax has to be paid in full once the product enters Poland, minus the sum already paid as "partial advance payment" of excise tax (paid by importers when obtaining the excise tax stickers).

Regulations on products designated for "duty free" sales are still being worked on – currently duty free products do not require "excise tax stickers".

Table IV: Distilled Spirits Tariffs

Product	Rate
Whiskies:	
-Bourbon Whiskey	0%
-Scotch Whiskey	
Malt Whiskey	0%
Blended Whiskey	0%
Rum and tafia:	
In containers holding	
2 liters or less:	
	0.6 EU/ %vol/hl
	+ 3.2 EU/hl
I	
Other:	
	0%
FIL 7.9 per liter of	
i -	
	-Bourbon Whiskey -Scotch Whiskey -Malt Whiskey -Blended W

2208 4	0 39	Other	0.6 EU/ %vol/hl
			+ 3.2 EU/hl
		In containers holding	
		2 liters or more:	
2208 4	0 51	Rum with a content	0.6 EU/ %vol/hl
		of volatile substances	
		other than ethyl and	
		methyl alcohol equal	
		to or exceeding 225	
		grams per hectoliter	
		of pure alcohol (with	
		a 10 % tolerance)	
		Other:	
2208 4	0 91	Of a value exceeding	0%
		EU 2.0 per liter of	
		pure alcohol.	
2208 4	0 99	Other:	0.6 EU/ % vol/hl
2200 E	0	Cin and Canava	0%
2208 5	U	Gin and Geneva	0%
2208 6	0	Vodka	0%
2208 7	0	Liqueurs and Cordials	0%
2208 9	0	Other	0%

^{*}Please note that as Poland became a member of the EU on May 1, 2004, the EU's external custom duty rates are applied. For additional information on EU duty rates applied to product from other non-EU suppliers, please refer to the following Internet address:

http://europa.eu.int/comm/taxation_customs/dds/en/tarhome.htm

V. Key Contacts and Further Information

For more information concerning market entry and a current importer list contact:

-Embassy of the United States of America

Office of Agricultural Affairs, Warsaw, Poland

Attention Agricultural Counselor and Marketing Specialist

e-mail: agwarsaw@usda.gov or agwarsaw@poczta.onet.pl

tel: 48 22 504 2336, fax: 48 22 504 2320

-United States Department of Agriculture, Foreign Agricultural Service, AGX Division Marketing: Nancy Hubbell, e-mail: Nancy.Hubbell@fas.usda.gov tel: 202-720-9487 Analysis: Dorsey Luchok, e-mail: Dorsey.Luchok@fas.usda.gov tel: 202-720-3083 FAS TTY Number: 202-690-4879

Additional information on the Polish market (e.g. Retail Sector) can be found on the Internet at (www.fas.usda.gov) at the *Attaché Reports* link.